

How Do I Make a Tax Credit Contribution?

Most organizations provide a form or instructions on their website on how to donate. Some organizations allow you to donate by credit card online. Others require you to print a form and mail it in with a check. Most organizations will email or mail you a receipt or letter that verifies your donation amount.

5 different Arizona eligible tax credit options. 2020 – 2021 Maximum amounts are quoted:

1.) Private School Tax Credit: [STO4KIDZ](#)

2021: (This credit is claimed on Form 323 & 348)

\$2,435 - File Jointly/ Married

\$1,219- Filing Single

2022: (This credit is claimed on Form 323 & 348)

\$2,483- File Jointly/ Married

\$1,231 - Filing Single

2) Public and/or Charter School Tax Credit

\$400 - File Jointly/ Married

\$200 - Filing Single (This type of credit is claimed using Form 322) [list of links to all AZ schools](#)

3) Qualified Foster Care Charitable Organization (QFCO)

\$1,000- File Jointly/ Married

\$500 - Filing Single (This credit is claimed on Form 352)

Please refer to the Arizona Department of Revenue updated [list of qualifying foster care organizations](#) .

4) Arizona Tax Credit for Donations Made to Qualifying Charitable Organizations (QCO)

\$800- File Jointly/ Married

\$400 - Filing Single (This credit is claimed using Form 321)

The Arizona Department of Revenue provides a [list of qualifying charitable organizations](#).

5) The Arizona Military Family Relief Fund Credit

\$800- File Jointly/ Married

\$400 - Filing Single

Contribute by going to the [Arizona Military Family Relief Fund](#) website. You will have to mail a check with the printed form. This donation must be made by December 31, and the fund can only accept a total of \$1 million in donations, so once that limit is reached, any more donations received are returned.

Please consult your tax advisor.

NOTE: A school tuition organization cannot award, restrict, or reserve scholarships solely on the basis of a donor's recommendation. A taxpayer may not claim a tax credit if the taxpayer agrees to swap donations with another taxpayer to benefit either taxpayer's own dependent. A.R.S. 43-1603 (C). Any designation of your own dependent as a potential recipient is prohibited.